

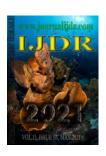
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# AYURVEDIC REVIEW OF URTICARIA VIS-À-VIS SHEETAPITTA

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#### **ABSTRACT**

Urticaria is a disease characterized by erythematous and pruritic rashes in the dermis or large hypodermal swellings. It is lumpy and itchy rashes which look like the effect of a nettle sting and occurs for more than six weeks. It affects 20% of people at some time in their life time. Though the disease is not life threatening, it makes patient worried, due to its appearance and severe pruritus. Management primarily aimed at patient's education, avoidance of known triggers and pharmacotherapy i.e. antihistamines, glucocorticoids. The modern medicine provides temporary symptomatic relief and patient have to take medicines for long time, which may be having some unwanted side effects. In Ayurvedic texts, *Sheetapitta* share similar symptomatology and causative factors as Urticaria. *Sheetapitta* is having a common symptom of itchy red rashes on skin on almost all over the body. In Ayurveda, the sequential administration of *Shodhana* therapy and certain *Shaman Yoga* are quite beneficial. *Virechana* (therapeutic purgation) is best treatment for *Pittaja* vyadhis and also it is important treatment for *Vataja*, *Kaphaja* and *Raktaja* vyadhis (as these all are vitiated in *Sheetapitta*), thus *Virechana* eradicates the aggravated Doshas from the body thereby giving a marked relief in patients of Urticaria.

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# INTRODUCTION

Urticaria is one of the dermatological diseases characterized by sudden eruptions of itchy wheals which may appear on any part of the skin and mucous membranes. Individual lesions as a rule do not last longer than a few minutes to a few hours and disappear without leaving any trace<sup>1</sup>. An episode of Urticaria (hives) can start as itching, followed by swollen red wheals. The Itching may be mild or severe. Scratching, alcohol beverages, exercise and emotional stress may worsen the itching. Urticaria affects about 15-20 % of total population<sup>2</sup>. This condition can interfere in routine activities of the patient. It is intermittent and frustrating for both the patients and physicians. Urticaria is generally manifested due to foods such as eggs, Nuts, shellfish etc., and resolves with only symptomatic treatment. Commonly Antihistamines and steroids are used in the treatment of Urticaria, long term use of which may cause adverse effects in the human body<sup>3</sup>. Sheetapitta is a disease caused when a patient is exposed to cold breeze which results in vitiation of Kapha and Vata. These two combine with Pitta and circulate all over the body producing the signs and symptoms over the skin. The symptoms include Varati Damstavat Sotha and Kandu caused by Kapha vitiation, Shula caused by Vata and Daha caused by Pitta vitiation. Sometimes it also causes symptoms like Chardi, Hrillas, Aruchi, Dehasada, Angagaurava, Jwara, Vidaha and Pipasa<sup>4-7</sup>.

**Sheetapitta Chikitsa**<sup>8-13</sup>: Treatment can be divided into three phases – It is stated that in '*Alpa dosha avastha*' *Langhana*is advised, in

Madhya dosha, Langhana along with Pachana and inPrabhoot Dosha treatment is Shodhana. Shamana Chikitsa also holds good impact on the Sheetapitta. Vata Pradhana Tridoshahara drugs mentioned in Rasa Rakta dushti are beneficial in Samprapti vighatana there by reverting disease.

#### Samprapti Ghataka

Dosha: Tridosha Agni: Manda

Doshagati: Vriddhi, Tiryak, Shakha

Vyadhi marga: Bahya Dushya: Rasa, Rakta Srotas: Rasavaha, Raktavaha

Srotodushti prakara: Vimargagamana Udbhava Sthana: Aamashaya

Vyakti Sthana: Tvak Svahhava: Ashukari

# **DISCUSSION**

In the Samprapti of this disease Agni mandhya and Ama plays a major role. Improper Agni along with irregular food habits caused the formation of Ama which further vitiate the Tridosha and createssrothorodha by sanga and Vimargagamana. Thusthe doshadushyasammurchana commencing in Aamashaya gets

sthanasamsraya in Twak and produces the Lakshanas. As the treatment aims at Sampraptivighatana and NidanaParivarjana, the treatment principle should be Deepana- Pachana, Tridoshahara, srothosodhana and balavardhana.

Shamana Chikitsa: Parada, Swarna, Loha, Tamra, Abhraka, kasisa, ghandaka, gairika, pravala and shanka are the major mineral drugs that have action on Sheetapitta. Most of the yoga which are mentioned above contains these minerals as major ingredients. Among ingredients most of the minerals possess Madhura Kashaya rasa, Snigdhaguna, Sheeta virya, MadhuraandKatuVipaka. Most of the ingredients have vata kaphahara, Tridoshahara, pittahara, doshaghnakarma and karma exhibited include Rasayana, kushtagna, varnya and kandughna. These rasa guna and karma help in the Sampraptivighatana and thus proves to be effective in the management of Sheetapitta.

### Shodhana Chikitsa<sup>14</sup>

Vamana: Emesis should be given with decoction of Patola and Arishtaka

Virechana: Purgation should be given with decoction of Triphala, Guggulu, Pippali.

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Charaka Samhita<sup>15</sup>: Udarda Prashamana Mahakashaya, Katu Taila, Mustadi Churna.

Sushruta Samhita<sup>16</sup>: Eladi Gana.

Bhavaprakasha<sup>17</sup>: Navakarshika Guggulu Trikatu +Sharkara Yavani +Vyosh +Yava kshara Aardraka Rasa

Yavani +Vyosh +Yava kshara Aardraka Rasa +Purana Guda Yavani + Amalaki Nimba Patra +

Ghrita +Amalaki Aardraka Khanda.

Chakradatta<sup>18</sup>: Visarpokta Amritadi Kwatha Agnimantha Moola +Ghrita Shushka Pakva Gambhari Phala after

boiling with milk.
Bhaishajya Ratnavali<sup>19</sup>: Yashtyadi Kwatha.

Yogaratnakar<sup>20</sup>: Vardhamana Pippali Vardhamana Lasuna Prayoga

Pathya-Apathya<sup>21</sup>: Pathya-Apathya SevanaVidhiplays an important role in the management of any disease. Pathya is that which is suitable to the disease and to the diseased. While Apathya is unsuitable and which aggravates the disease process leading to more discomfort to the patients.

Pathya Ahara Vihara: 1. Jeerna Shali 2. Jangama Mamsa 3. Triphala 4. Madhu 5. Mudga Yusha 6. Kultha Yusha 7. Ushnodaka 8. Karkotaka Shaka 9. Karavellaka Shaka 10. Moolaka Yusha. Pathya Ahara Vihara: 1. Ksheera vikarani 2. Chhardi Nigraha 3. Ikshu Vikarani 4.Divaswapna 5.Matsya 6. Purva and Daksheena Disha Pavana 7.Anupa- Udaka Mamsa 8. Snana 9. Naveen Madhya 10.Atapa Sevana.

# CONCLUSION

In modern science there is vast treatment of Urticaria and other allergic skin disorders but reoccurrence of disease is common in very much cases. *Sheetapitta* is commonly encountered *TwakVikara* in clinical Practice. Ayurveda has lot of potential in the treatment aspect of allergic skin reaction by using of various Ayurvedic formulations and by following *Pathya-Apathya*.

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